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EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR DEMOCRACY THROUGH LAW (VENICE COMMISSION)

APPENDIX

REPLIES TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE ON NATIONAL REMEDIES IN RESPECT OF EXCESSIVE LENGTH OF PROCEEDINGS

IN ROMANIA

1. Does your country experience excessive delays in judicial proceedings? what proceedings (civil, criminal, administrative, enforcement)?

Yes (civil, criminal, enforcement).

2. Have such delays been acknowledged by court decisions? What courts (national/European Court of Human Rights)? Please provide some examples in English or French or reference to ECtHR case-law.

European Court of Human Rights (*Tudorache vs. Romania* – 29.09.2005, *Pantea vs. Romania* – 3.06.2003, *Moldovan and others vs. Romania* – 12.07.2005, *Strain and others vs. Romania* – 21.07.2005).

3. Does an explicit requirement of reasonableness of the length of the proceedings equivalent to that contained in Article 6 § 1 of the European Convention on Human Rights exist in the Constitution or legislation?

Yes, it exists in the Constitution (Article 21).

Also, in Romanian law, the European Convention of Human Rights is directly applicable, as provided by Articles 11 and 20 of the Constitution.

Article 10 of the Law on judicial organization also provides it: "All persons are entitled to a fair trial and to the resolution of cases within a reasonable time, by an impartial and independent court, set-up according to the law".

4. Are any statistical data available about the proportions of this problem in your country? If so, please provide them in English or French.

Yes. Recent statistics are available, drawn up by the Superior Council of Magistracy. One statistic concerns the length of civil and commercial cases, shown in percents. The other shows the solving term for cases at various degrees of jurisdiction.

5. Does a remedy in respect of excessive delays in the proceedings exist in your country? If so, please describe it (who can lodge the complaint, before which authority, according to what - ordinary/special - procedure, within what deadline etc.). Please provide the texts of the relevant legal bases in English or French.

No.

8. What criteria are used by the competent authority in assessing the reasonableness of the duration of the proceedings? Are they the same as, or linked with, the criteria applied by the European Court of Human Rights in respect of Article 6 § 1 ECHR?

Although a remedy, as such, does not exist in domestic law, Romanian judges take the criteria provided by the ECHR's case-law into account when solving certain demands (e.g.: postponement requests, challenging a judge for bias requests).

9. Is there a deadline for the competent authority to rule on the matter of the length? Can it be extended? What is the legal consequence of a possible failure by the authority to respect the deadline?

No.

10. What are the available forms of redress:

-	acknowledgement of the violation	NO
-	pecuniary compensation	
	- material damage	NO
	- non-material damage	NO
-	measures to speed up the proceedings, if they are still pending	NO
-	possible reduction of sentence in criminal cases	NO
-	other (specify what)	

12. If pecuniary compensation is available, according to what criteria? are these criteria the same as, or linked with, those applied by the European Court of Human Rights? Is there a maximum amount of compensation to be awarded?

No.

13. If measures can be taken to speed up the proceedings in question, is there a link between these measures and the general case-management of the relevant courts? Is the taking of these measures co-ordinated at a central or higher level? On the basis of what criteria and what factual information concerning the court in question (workload, number of judges, nature of cases pending, specific problems etc.) does the competent authority order such measures?

Through the Judicial Inspection Direction, the Superior Council of Magistracy analyzes the narrow application of regulations of procedures regarding the sanctioning of facts that obstruct the good development of the trials, including the unjustified delay of case solving due to litigants, lawyers, witnesses, experts or other persons contributing to the fulfilment of the act of justice. SCM elaborates quarterly reports in this respect.

A seminar was organized between 6th and 8th of June 2005, regarding the optimum volume of activity for establishing criteria on which the magistrates' work would be measured. According to the final report of the seminar, elaborated by the Romanian magistrates in collaboration with foreign experts, the scheme of work volume should be based on time lots assigned for *solving cases classified on categories*, as well as *fulfilment of other activates within court, classified on categories*. In this way, the individual annual work volume could be defined by number of cases/activities that can be achieved during the magistrates' and auxiliary staff' legal annual number of hours, by the formula: the annual work volume, as number of cases to be solved, results from dividing the magistrates' annual number of work minutes, to the time assigned to resolving different categories of cases/tasks.

Work volume must be established for relevant categories of solved cases at different levels of jurisdiction, having in mind the differences between organization, procedure and stage of trial, making a difference between first instance, appeal and second appeal. Also, special workload must be considered for executive positions etc.

Solving term for cases at first instances courts on quarters I, II and III 2005

			Term							
Matter			0-6	6-12			Over 3			
	Period	Total solved	months	months	1-2 years	2-3 years	years			
Commercial	T1	26665	25822	754	87	0	2			
litigations	T2	27501	26581	752	214	0	0			
	Т3	24848	24347	366	135	0	0			
	T1	147214	131652	10321	4783	333	125			
Civil	T2	160626	143480	10303	5796	806	195			
litigations	Т3	108962	100131	5644	2910	190	87			
	T1	62958	54921	6972	956	92	17			
Criminal	T2	61578	53987	6496	1003	70	22			
litigations	Т3	38140	34822	2780	497	30	11			

Solving term for cases at tribunals on quarters I, II and III 2005

MERITS OF THE CASE

					Term		
Matter			0-6	6-12			Over 3
	Period	Total solved	months	months	1-2 years	2-3 years	years
Commercial	T1	12340	9771	1388	677	317	187
litigations	T2	15168	12440	1288	930	269	241
	Т3	8587	6946	904	418	178	141
	T1	22263	19481	1804	808	136	34
Civil	T2	25311	23568	1257	689	47	50
litigations	Т3	28027	25939	1423	522	97	46
Criminal	T1	8258	7687	432	122	14	3
litigations	T2	8551	8061	377	95	16	2
	T3	6424	6011	359	49	5	0

APPEAL

			Term						
Matter			0-6	6-12		2-3	Over 3		
	Period	Total solved	months	months	1-2 years	years	years		
Civil	T1	7100	6243	487	271	75	24		
litigations	T2	7602	6739	469	251	98	45		
	T3	4115	3663	292	88	56	16		
Criminal	T1	6262	5902	317	39	4	0		
litigations	T2	6395	6200	139	51	5	0		
	Т3	3778	3643	110	22	3			

SECOND APPEAL

			Term						
Matter			0-6	6-12	1-2	2-3	Over 3		
	Period	Total solved	months	months	months	years	years		
Commercial	T1	3240	3110	118	10	2	0		
litigations	T2	2923	2830	81	12	0	0		
	T3	1637	1529	92	16	0	0		
	T1	16756	15904	659	174	13	6		
Civil	T2	15582	14778	622	132	46	4		
litigations	T3	9571	9079	369	83	38	2		
Criminal	T1	10857	10673	178	6	0	0		
litigations	T2	11326	11225	95	6	0	0		
	Т3	6868	6743	119	6	0	0		

Solving term for cases at courts of appeal on quarters I, II and III 2005 MERITS OF THE CASE

					Term		
Matter			0-6	6-12		2-3	Over 3
	Period	Total solved	months	months	1-2 years	years	years
Contentious	t1	2756	2644	85	26	1	0
claims and civil	t2	2905	2794	96	8	5	2
law	t3	1534	1478	42	8	3	3
	t1	380	373	4	3	0	0
	t2	412	405	7	0	0	0
Criminal law	t3	417	415	2	0	0	0

APPEAL

					Term		
Matter			0-6	6-12			
	Period	Total solved	months	months	1-2 years	2-3 years	Over 3 years
Commercial			1				
law	t1	1241	1018	198	6	1	18
	t2	1462	1299	143	13	0	7
	t3	525	475	41	8	1	0
Civil law	t1	8440	7549	794	83	5	9
	t2	8217	7116	816	260	14	11
	t3	6719	5938	592	181	6	2
Criminal							
law	t1	2081	2040	36	4	1	0
	t2	2097	2076	18	3	0	0
	t3	1522	1506	15	1	0	0

SECOND APPEAL

					Term		
Matter			0-6	6-12			
	Period	Total solved	months	months	1-2 years	2-3 years	Over 3 years
	t1	3493	3331	151	9	2	0
Commercial	t2	16206	16048	141	12	0	5
law	t3	13065	12955	105	5	0	0
	t1	16636	15923	594	92	15	12
	t2	16905	16254	567	62	12	10
Civil law	t3	8025	7729	236	41	11	8
	t1	5432	5384	45	3	0	0
	t2	5249	5235	13	1	0	0
Criminal law	t3	4749	4735	12	2	0	0

LENGTH OF THE PROCEEDINGS

Statistical data from the first 9 months of 2005 shows an average of 91,9 % of all files rendered with a civil or commercial judgement within 0-6 months.

First instance courts

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	90%	6%	3,2%	0,3%	0,09%
commercial	97,1%	2%	0,5%	-	-

<u>Tribunals – merits</u>

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	91,2%	5,9%	2,6%	0,3%	0,1%
commercial	80,7%	9%	5%	2%	1,5%

Tribunals – appeals

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	88,4%	6,6%	3,2%	1,2%	0,4%
commercial	-	-	-	-	-

<u>Tribunals – second appeals</u>

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	94,8%	3,9%	0,9%	0,2%	0,02%
commercial	95,7%	3,7%	0,4%	-	-

Courts of appeal – merits

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	96,1%	3%	0,5%	0,1%	0,06%
commercial	-	-	-	-	-

Courts of appeal – appeals

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	88,1%	9%	2%	0,1%	0,09%
commercial	86,4%	11,8%	0,8%	0,06%	0,7%

Courts of appeal – second appeals

Matter	0-6 months	6-12 months	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3
					years
civil	96%	3,3%	0,4%	-	-
commercial	98,6%	1,2%	0,07%	-	-

Workload

From the analysis of **statistical data of the fist 9 months of 2005**, results a **decreasing average workload of cases/judge**:

Trimester	First instance courts	Tribunals	Courts of appeal
Trimester I	284	134	117
Trimester II	159	74	91
Trimester III	142	67	63

The number of pending cases decreased:

Trimester	First instance courts	Tribunals	Courts of appeal
Trimester I	481.229	177.093	80.250
Trimester II	270.632	95.691	61.701
Trimester III	244.288	85.536	42.145